# WATERLOO TOWNSHIP $\label{eq:JACKSON} \mbox{ JACKSON COUNTY - MICHIGAN }$ $\mbox{FINANCIAL STATEMENTS}$

Year Ended June 30, 2008

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#### Dove & Hickey, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 E. Washington Ave., Suite 255 • Jackson, Michigan 49201 Phone (517) 796-8880 • Fax (517) 796-8777

MEMBERS:

AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

MICHIGAN ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GEORGE DOVE, C.P.A.
PAUL T. HICKEY, C.P.A.
NANNETTE M. SPONSLER, C.P.A.
ALLISON I. COLE. C.P.A.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Township Board Waterloo Township Jackson County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund information of Waterloo Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Waterloo Township's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund information of Waterloo Township as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison schedules, as identified in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it. Waterloo Township has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of the financial statements.

### Dove & Hickey, P.L.C.

December 23, 2008

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	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$276,953
Receivables	3,000
Due from other governments	69,492
Prepaid expenses	11,041
Capital assets - net	<u>80,329</u>
Total assets	<u>440,815</u>
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Accounts payable	11,847
Accrued liabilities	6,496
Total liabilities	<u>18,343</u>
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	80,329
Offrestricted	342,143
Total net assets	$\$\underline{422,472}$

#### 

Functions/Programs	Expenses		Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	es Cap Grant Contrik	s and	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets  Governmental Activities
runctions/11ograms	<u>11Apenses</u>	<u> </u>	Continuations	COILLI	<u> </u>	Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
General government	\$170,453	\$ 88,989	\$ -0-	\$	-0-	(\$ 81,464)
Public Safety	237,890	$42,\!570$	1,961		-0-	(193, 359)
Community and economic	<b>*</b> *00	1 400	0		0	(4.100)
development Public works	5,526	1,400	-0-		-0-	(4,126)
Public works	23,250	<u>-0-</u>			-0-	<u>(23,250</u> )
Total governmental						
activities	\$437,119	\$ <u>132,959</u>	\$ <u>1,961</u>	\$	-0-	(302,199)
		· <del></del>	' <del></del>	' ====		,
		RAL REVENU	JES:			
		perty taxes				143,448
		e-shared rever				210,692
		n on sale of ass				300 6,603
	IIIVE	estment earnir	igs			<u></u> 0,00 <u>0</u>
	,	Total general :	revenues			361,043
		rotar gonerar				301,010
	CHAN	GES IN NET	ASSETS			58,844
		SSETS - BEG	INNING			
	OF '	YEAR				<u>363,628</u>
	NIEW A	SSETS -				
		OF YEAR				\$422,472
	TAINI	OF TEAM				ψ <u>τωω,τιω</u>

#### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2008

<u>ASSETS</u>	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	PUBLIC SAFETY <u>FUND</u>	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
Cash and investments Receivables Due from other governments Prepaid expenses  Total assets	\$276,953 $3,000$ $69,492$ $-11,041$ $$360,486$	\$ -0- -0- -0- -0- \$ -0-	\$276,953 $3,000$ $69,492$ $-11,041$ $$360,486$
<u>LIABILITIES AND</u> <u>FUND BALANCES</u>			
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities  Total liabilities	\$ 11,847 6,496	\$ -0- -0-	\$ 11,847 
Fund Balances: Unreserved/undesignated	<u>18,343</u> <u>342,143</u>	<u>-0-</u>	
Total fund balances	342,143	-0-	342,143
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ <u>360,486</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>360,486</u>

## WATERLOO TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2008

Fund balances - total Governmental funds	\$342,143
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund	80,329
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ <u>422,472</u>

#### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2008

	GENERAL <u>FUND</u>	PUBLIC SAFETY FUND	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL <u>FUNDS</u>
REVENUES:			
Property taxes	\$131,598	\$ 47,034	\$178,632
Licenses and permits	30,998	-0-	30,998
State sources	210,692	-0-	210,692
Local sources	-0-	1,861	1861
Charges for services	14,528	36,731	$51,\!259$
Fines and forfeitures	-0-	12,971	12,971
Interest	6,603	-0-	6,603
Contributions	-0-	100	100
Other	2,547	300	2,847
Total revenues	<u>396,966</u>	98,997	<u>495,963</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	136,963	-0-	136,963
Public Safety	135,648	98,997	234,645
Community and economic			
development	$5,\!526$	-0-	$5,\!526$
Public works	$23,\!251$	-0-	$23,\!251$
Other	25,036	-0-	25,036
Total expenditures	326,424	98,997	425,421
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER			
EXPENDITURES	70,542	-0-	70,542
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>271,601</u>	-0-	<u>271,601</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>342,143</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>342,143</u>

### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 70,542

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Depreciation on capital assets reported as part of governmental activities.

(11,698)

Changes in net assets of governmental activities

\$ 58,844

#### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP FIDUCIARY FUND -STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES June 30, 2008

#### **ASSETS**

fund balance

Cash and investments \$\frac{28,604}{Total assets}\$\$

\[
\frac{128,604}{28,604} \]

\[
\frac{11ABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE}{FUND BALANCE} \]

Liabilities:

Performance bond \$\frac{28,604}{28,604} \]

Total liabilities \$\frac{28,604}{1000} \]

Fund Balance \$\frac{-0}{-0}\$

\$ 28,604

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Waterloo Township (the "Township") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Waterloo Township.

#### Reporting Entity

Waterloo Township is governed by an elected five-member Board. The accompanying financial statements present the Township's entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. The Township has no component units.

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the Township.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. General Fund activities are financed by revenue from property taxes and State-shared revenue.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - The Public Safety Fund accounts for the use of property taxes received under a specially voted millage.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds account for assets held by the Township in an agency capacity.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time they are added to the county tax rolls.

The Township's 2007 tax is levied and collectible on December 1, 2007, and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2008, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2007 taxable valuation of the Township totaled approximately \$109,347,000 on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .8464 mills for operating purposes and .4261 for police services. This resulted in \$93,685 for operating and \$46,665 for police services. These amounts are recognized in the General Fund and Public Safety Fund, respectively.

#### Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables</u> - Receivables in governmental activities are all primarily due from other governments. No allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for.

<u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 50 years Furnishings, vehicles, and equipment 5 to 15 years

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General and Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The proposed budget is submitted to the Township Board prior to the beginning of the next year. Public hearings are held, and a final budget is adopted no later than June 30. The Township Board must approve any budget amendments.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, activity, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control is the activity level.

The government does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

#### 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

#### Construction Code Fees

The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2007	(\$ 31,470)
Current year building permit revenue	29,598
Related expenses: Direct costs	(32,405)
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2008	(\$\_34,277)

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes the local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of Federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classification, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The investment policy adopted by the board of trustees in accordance with Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended, has authorized investment in the investments in the preceding paragraph. The Township's deposit and investment policy is in accordance with statutory authority.

#### 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The Township's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

#### Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The bank balance of the government's deposits is \$281,729, of which \$181,170 is covered by Federal depository insurance. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Township's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities:	-			
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	3,153	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	3,153
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements	l: 120,838	-0-	-0-	120,838
Furnishings, vehicles, and equipment	117,533	-0-		117,533
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>238,371</u>			<u>238,371</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Furnishings, vehicles, and	75,945	2,761	-0-	78,706
equipment  Total accumulated	73,552	8,937		82,489
depreciation	149,497	11,698	-0-	<u>161,195</u>
Total capital assets being				
depreciated - net	88,874	<u>(11,698</u> )	0-	<u>77,176</u>
Total capital assets - net	\$ <u>92,027</u>	(\$ <u>11,698</u> )	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>80,329</u>

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government \$ 8,453 Public Safety 3,245

Total governmental activities \$\frac{11,698}{}

#### 5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the Township carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The Township has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



#### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2008

DELYDWARD	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final <u>Budget</u>
REVENUES: Property taxes Licenses and permits State sources Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$113,200 $38,500$ $200,000$ $-0$ $1,000$ $4,000$ $356,700$	\$113,200 $38,500$ $200,000$ $-0$ $1,000$ $4,000$ $356,700$	\$131,598 $30,998$ $210,692$ $14,528$ $6,603$ $2,547$ $396,966$	$\begin{array}{c} \$ \ 18,398 \\ (7,502) \\ 10,692 \\ 14,528 \\ 5,603 \\ \underline{ (1,453)} \\ 40,266 \end{array}$
EXPENDITURES: Current:				
General Government: Township Board Supervisor Elections Assessor Clerk Attorney Board of Review Board of Appeals Treasurer Township hall Cemetery Total general government	$23,400 \\ 13,370 \\ 4,700 \\ 25,800 \\ 20,690 \\ 6,000 \\ 1,800 \\ 1,850 \\ 21,665 \\ 31,566 \\ \underline{5,000} \\ 155,841$	$26,733 \\ 14,242 \\ 3,000 \\ 26,291 \\ 20,455 \\ 6,807 \\ 2,809 \\ 1,163 \\ 21,665 \\ 21,981 \\ \underline{4,620} \\ \underline{149,766}$	$20,493 \\ 14,170 \\ 2,527 \\ 26,290 \\ 20,416 \\ 6,806 \\ 2,553 \\ 1,072 \\ 21,664 \\ 16,352 \\ \underline{4,620} \\ 136,963$	$\begin{array}{r} 6,240 \\ 72 \\ 473 \\ 1 \\ 39 \\ 1 \\ 256 \\ 91 \\ 1 \\ 5,629 \\ \phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$
Public Safety: Police Building Inspections Total public safety	$   \begin{array}{r}     106,094 \\     \underline{30,665} \\     136,759   \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     110,493 \\     \underline{32,465} \\     142,958   \end{array} $	104,709 30,939 135,648	$\begin{array}{r} 5,784 \\ -1,526 \\ \hline -7,310 \end{array}$
Community and economic Development: Planning Land splits Zoning Total community and economic development	5,600 1,000 3,300 9,900	3,350 500 3,078 	$ \begin{array}{r} 2,717 \\ 260 \\ 2,549 \end{array} $ $ \underline{5,526}$	633 240 529 
Public Works: Highways, streets and bridges Extraction Street lights Total public works	$   \begin{array}{r} 10,000 \\ 1,000 \\ \underline{5,200} \\ \underline{16,200} \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     18,660 \\     808 \\     \underline{5,200} \\     \underline{24,668}   \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     18,560 \\     358 \\     \underline{4,333} \\     23,251   \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     100 \\     450 \\     \underline{867} \\     1,417   \end{array} $
Other: Insurance Social Security Total other	30,000 8,000 38,000	$ \begin{array}{r} 24,380 \\ 8,000 \\ 32,380 \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     18,655 \\     \underline{6,381} \\     \underline{25,036}   \end{array} $	$5,725 \\ \underline{1,619} \\ -7,344$
Total expenditures	<u>356,700</u>	356,700	<u>326,424</u>	30,276
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-0-	-0-	70,542	70,542
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>271,601</u>	<u>271,601</u>	<u>271,601</u>	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ <u>271,601</u>	\$ <u>271,601</u>	\$ <u>342,143</u>	\$ <u>70,542</u>

#### WATERLOO TOWNSHIP REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2008

DEVENTED	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES:	Φ 40 <b>₹</b> 00	Ф. 40 <b>т</b> 00	ф. <b>45</b> 00 4	ф. 4 <b>г</b> о.4
Property taxes	\$ 42,500	\$ 42,500	\$ 47,034	\$ 4,534
Local sources	1,200	1,200	1,861	661
Charges for services	49,300	49,300	36,731	(12,569)
Fines and forfeitures	6,000	6,000	12,971	6,971
Contributions	-0-	-0-	100	100
Other	-0-	-0-	300	300
Total revenues	99,000	99,000	98,997	(3)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Public Safety:				
Police	99,000	99,000	98,997	3
Total expenditures	99,000	99,000	98,997	3
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
EXPENDITURES	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				
OF YEAR	-0-	-0-	-0-	-0-
FUND BALANCE -				
END OF YEAR	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>	\$ <u>-0-</u>

#### Dove & Hickey, P.L.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

209 E. Washington Ave., Suite 255 • Jackson, Michigan 49201 Phone (517) 796-8880 • Fax (517) 796-8777

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NANNETTE M. SPONSLER, C.P.A.
ALLISON I. COLE, C.P.A.

December 23, 2008

Township Board Waterloo Township Jackson County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Waterloo Township as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered Waterloo Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the a governmental unit's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the governmental unit's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be significant deficiencies and other deficiencies that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses:

Waterloo Township December 23, 2008 Page 2

#### Financial Statement Report Adjustments:

During the audit we generally provide assistance in identifying and calculating certain year-end adjustments required to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, including the requirements of GASB 34. We also assist in gathering information required for financial statements reclassifications and footnote disclosures. We are pleased to assist in this process, as we have expertise in these adjustments and reporting issues, and can generally assist in a very cost-efficient manner. We bring this to your attention since it meets the above definition of a matter to be communicated.

We also noted other accounting matters that we would like to communicate to you.

#### <u>Cash Reconciliations</u>:

As commented last year, even though the Treasurer is preparing timely bank reconciliations, she is not, on a timely basis, meeting with the Clerk, and reconciling the general ledger balances. We suggest that the Treasurer and Clerk reconcile the cash balances at least monthly, so that financial reports are more accurate.

#### <u>Documentation of Receipts</u>:

While performing the audit, we noted that the administrative assistant was not retaining the check stubs from the receipts. This original documentation should be retained so that the Treasurer can review the receipts to determine if they were receipted correctly.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, Township Board, and others within the organization, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectively yours,

### Dove & Hickey, P.L.C.